

The Fifth Grade Field Trip

Before Arriving at the WWFoundry:

- 1. In class; consult a human skeleton. Draw the shape of the head and neck bones.
- 2. Homework; make a portrait, reference face diagrams for measurements and placement.

WWFoundry Conversational Points:

Lesson Summary: With a block of clay, students compose a bust that can be viewed from all angles.

- Talk about how emotion and narrative is portrayed.
- To make art one must first learn a craft. The craft is a skill, for example: reading, riding a bike, math
- Learning from observation: this is used in all disciplines. (The details around us convey information.)
- What is clay? How is it different from mud?

Particles lay flat, making it hold together, malleable and somewhat elastic. Unlike mud's particles, which separate, and do not hold together.

Materials:

Per class Visit,

- tables for 30, covered
- 90 1/2 pound clay balls, bagged
- extra zip locks
- 30 muslin 12 x 12 squares,
- spray bottles, paper towels, toothpicks, tools
- heavy duty wipes for hand cleaning



Goal:

- 1. Make bust out of a ball of clay, viewable from all sides.
- 2. Create expression.
- 3. Have a picture taken.
- 4. Return clay back into a ball.

Procedures:

- 1. Begin to form the head by squeezing the middle of your clay ball. This shaping also creates shoulders/base.
- 2. Remove a ping-pong size ball from base to make later additions. (When taking clay off, it is called subtractive sculpture).
- 3. Beain to form face.
- 4. Create eye sockets by making a hollow impression for eyes and nose shape.
- 5. Add balls for eyes, perhaps fuse them to form with a coil of clay for eyelids.
- 6. Create ears, form chin.
- 7. Build mouth with coils or pinching clay. Are there teeth? A tongue?
- 8. Use tools to add detail- add hair, hats, glasses, mustaches, horns, etc.